Aurora Institute National Research Convening: Building the Evidence Base for K-12 Personalized Learning

HOW DO WE MEASURE PERSONALIZED LEARNING? INSIGHTS FROM SOCIAL, EMOTIONAL, ACADEMIC DEVELOPMENT, AND THE LEARNING SCIENCES

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TO MEASURE PERSONALIZED LEARNING, WE NEED A PRACTICAL AND EVIDENCE-BASED FRAMEWORK ROOTED IN THE LEARNING SCIENCES

- Growing awareness of power and value of personalized learning to achieve education goals with equity
- Supported by growing understanding from the Learning Science on Learner Variability

-"there is no average learner"

 To spread personalized learning approaches from early adopters to the mainstream, we need to be able to show a range of stakeholders

- students, teachers, school and district leader, parents -

that it leads to <u>better outcomes</u> than more customary approaches, and is worth the **effort** AND **expense** involved





THE NEED FOR A PRACTICAL AND EVIDENCE-BASED MEASUREMENT FRAMEWORK (CON'T)

- Existing measures of student learning are predominately based on average outcomes and normative references
- They are likely to mis-measure or underestimate the current and potential impacts of personalized learning
- Any new or different measures, however, not only have to be evidence-based,
 - But also practical, useable by students, and teachers under typical conditions,
 - -And neither burdensome nor disruptive

THE CASE FOR BASING A MEASUREMENT FRAMEWORK FOR PERSONALIZED LEARNING ON THE LEARNING SCIENCES

• If students:

- build better knowledge bases and are able to access them over time more readily – knowledge, development and retention
- more readily learn how to learn executive function, metacognition, self-regulated learning
- more motivated to learn and able to do the work required to learn and apply their learnings – motivation, social-emotional development
- Then, you have demonstrated academic, cognitive and social-emotional outcomes, and made a case for <u>Personalized Learning</u>





HOW CAN WE DO THIS? INSIGHTS FROM A TWO-YEAR JOURNEY TO THINK IT THROUGH INFORMED BY SIX DATA SOURCES

- Learning from early adopters (interviews and document scans)
- Review of scientific literature on measuring academic knowledge, executive function/metacognition, and motivation/social-emotional development
- Field study with 8th grade instructional design team
- Large scale quantitative study of social-emotional development and academic outcomes
- Design thinking sessions with diverse groups of teachers including experienced users of personalized learning and novices interested in trying it
- COVID-19 experiential learning

SCHOOL of EDUCATION



KNOWLEDGE DEVELOPMENT, ACTIVATION, AND RETENTION

 Majority of early adopters use <u>norm-referenced tests</u> and/or <u>learning management systems</u> built into software/apps and largely happy with it, as they tend to show "progress"

-Ex: NWEA MAP is a favorite

- Voluminous and contested scientific literature on how to measure academic knowledge, but <u>limited studies</u> on knowledge activation and retention in authentic learning situations
- Annual tests implicitly capture the sum total of knowledge development, activation and retention, but <u>do</u> <u>not</u> provide any insight into how <u>different learning</u> <u>approaches impact</u> each of these



KNOWLEDGE DEVELOPMENT, ACTIVATION, AND RETENTION (CON'T)

- Field study with 8th graders showed that even a month later – when students asked to re-take an end of unit test, "learning loss" was substantial
 - On the order of 20% with greatest losses
 occurring for traditional instruction (no attempt to re-activate their knowledge prior to re-test)
- Lack of existing measures for knowledge activation and retention is a challenge to be met







WHERE DOES THIS LEAVE US?

- <u>Some of the key pieces</u> needed to create a practical and evidence-based measurement framework based on a learning science approach for personalized learning to <u>exist, or soon will</u>
 - Practical, evidence-based, measures of motivation/engagement, and social-emotional development are here or near
 - <u>Some of the key pieces</u> await <u>further development</u>
 - -Measures of knowledge activation and retention
 - Formative measure of metacognition and self-regulated learning









IMPACTS OF COVID-19 ON ENABLING EXPANDED VIEWS OF MEASURING STUDENT PROGRESS?

- COVID-19 shows parents its more than knowledge development
 - -metacognition and motivation matter
- COVID-19 also spreads 1-to-1 computing
- Stressed need/power of iterative, collaborative learning among teachers and school leaders – could open door for more innovation or new ways of doing things
- Balance against frustrations with online learning as experience during COVID-19



MOTIVATION AND SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT (CON'T)

- Surveys vs adult rating debate
 - -Evidence on both sides
 - -Two tools in toolbox
- New tools are emerging
 - 8th grade instructional design team use of emojis and cell phones as measurement collection tools
 - -short cycle surveys (PERTS)
- Large-scale quantitative study shows
 - 1. Large improvement in social-emotional development associated with large learning gains
 - 2. Building social-emotional skills while developing academic skills leads to independent impacts on academic outcomes, and raised attendance
- The challenge of thinking about both short term academic gains and longer term educational outcomes





MOTIVATION AND SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- Many measurement instruments available based on different underlying theories
 - The challenge is selecting which one for what purpose
- Key factor in selection practical usefulness for teachers, how actionable are the results?
- Both individual motivation and classroom learning environment matter





LEARN TO LEARN



 Most existing measurement instruments for executive function and metacognition are <u>not practical</u> for on-going classroom use

- individually administered, multiple items and complex scales

• Some group assessments are starting to emerge

- practical usefulness still not known

- Interesting work on interactive trace technologies built into online learning systems emerging in higher education space in Australia
 - to create formative feedback and development system for meta-cognition-selfregulated learning
- 8th grade instructional design group
 - pilot tested a weekly student survey to get at meta-cognitive impacts of different instructional approaches
- COVID-19 remote learning
 - drives home value of self-regulated learning